Habitat Restoration	1	2			_	_	_	Alt
Habitat Restoration		4	3	4	5	6	7	8
Habitat Restoration								
	I							
Time to achieve								
biological results								
Quality of habitat								
Quantity of habitat								
Diversity of habitat (including salinity,								
depth, island/snag, invertebrate prey base								
requirements, etc)  Construction disturbance								
to existing habitat Bathymetric considerations								
Wildlife disease mgmt – accessibility of								
habitat								
Effects on T&E fish and wildlife								
Effects on movement of species								
Location of habitat relative to feeding areas								
Location of habitat relative to recuing areas								
Water Quality								
Effects on selenium								
Effects on hydrogen sulfide and ammonia								
Effects on salinity								
Causes erosion, siltation, or								
increased runoff, or flooding								
Structures in 100-yr flood zone								
Causes inundation by seiche								
Effects on groundwater quality								
or quantity								
Effects on temperature								
Effects on dissolved oxygen								
Air Quality								
Fugitive dust control								
(construction)								
Fugitive dust control								
(O&M)								
Fugitive dust control on								
exposed playa Construction exhaust								
O&M exhaust								
Hazardous air pollutants Odorous emissions (water								
quality related)								
Accessibility to recreational vehicles?								
Location of exposed areas relative to wind								
fetch and barriers?								

Attributes	Alt	Alt	Alt	Alt	Alt	Alt	Alt	Alt
Attributes	1	2	3	4	5 Ait	6	7	8
	1	4	3	4	3	U	/	O
Additional	l Consi	  derati	ons					
Recreation	Consi	ucian	OHS					
Fishing								
Swimming								
Motor boating								
Non-motorized boating (canoes, wind-								
surfing, sailing)								
Water skiing								
Wildlife watching								
Camping								
Hunting								
Substantially change rec opportunities??								
Economic Considerations								
Economic development opportunities								
Recreational economics								
Cost								
Amount of water required - inflow								
Construction impacts to resources								
Sustainable – what could go wrong?								
Energy requirements for construction								
Annual energy requirements								
Annual O&M costs								
Risks								
Physical uncertainty – this is a major								
consideration. I suggest disaggregating into								
seismic, static, hydrologic risks								
Biological uncertainty								
Aesthetics	I					l		l .
Noise – excess noise generation								
Odor								
Visuals – <i>degrade character</i> , <i>quality</i>								
Or scenic vistas								
New source of light and glare								
, 0								
Traffic increases								
Materials	•	•						
Imported from?								
Excavated – fate of materials								
Disturbance from excavation								
Availability								
Land Use				•				
Compatibility with existing land uses								
(e.g. ag land, developed wetlands, refuge,								
State parks, wildlife areas)						<u> </u>		<u> </u>

Attributes	Alt							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Compatibility with geothermal expansion								
Conversion of agricultural land								
Compatible with Tribal land use plans,								
treaties								
Distance from existing shoreline to water								
Existing when? Now? 2003? Historic?								
Compatible with County General Plan								
Adaptability (e.g. inflow changes)								
Flexible components								
Cultural resource protection								
Paleontological resource protection								
Acceptability – public, local, State, NGOs								
support								
Public Health and Safety								
Hazardous materials								
Fish consumption – selenium concentration								
Geologic hazards – seismic risk, ground								
failure (to avoid redundancy with 'physical								
risks' above, perhaps change to 'threat to								
public health from infrastructure failure')								
Public exposure to unstable soils								
Risk due to vectors or disease								
Effect on fire, police, or emergency services								
Effect on stormwater, solid waste,								
communication facilities								
Length of time to:								
Permitting								
Initiation of construction								
Timing of construction – timing windows								
Completion of construction								
Achieve goals								
Energy Development (geothermal &								
others)								
Induce population growth								
Loss of known mineral resource or local								
mineral recovery site								
Environmental Justice – Disproportionately high impacts to minority or low income								
populations on the following:	-	-		-				
Health effects (bodily impairment, infirmity,								
illness or death								
High exposure to hazards (risk or rate of)								

**Note:** All attributes that appear as *italics* are taken from the CEQA checklist as applied in the Draft Programmatic Environmental Impact Report (PEIR). Many attributes included in the CEQA checklist already identified by the work group were not duplicated on the table.